Catastrophe Modeling Twenty Years After Northridge

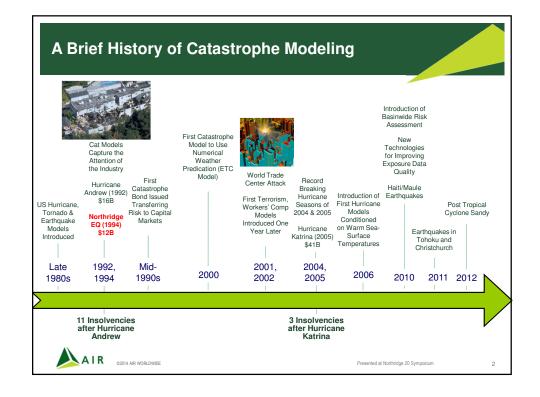
Jayanta Guin, Ph.D.

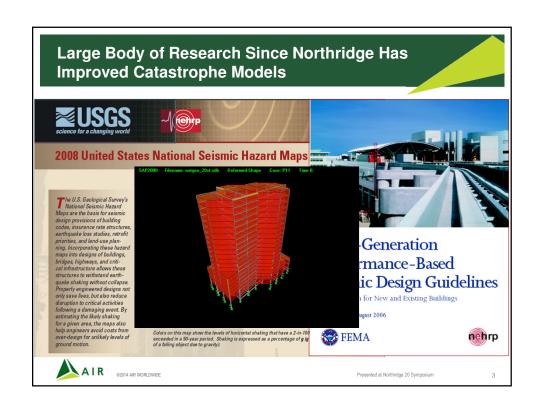
Presentation at Northridge Earthquake Symposium on January 16-17, 2014

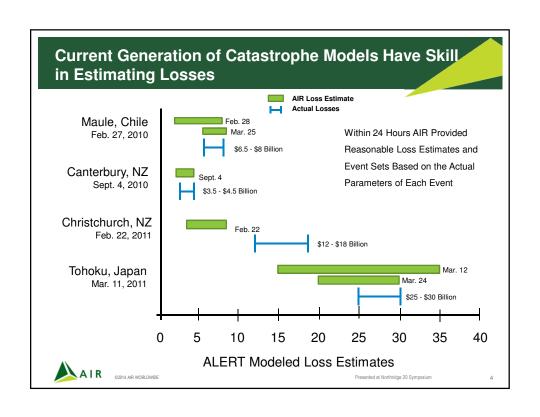


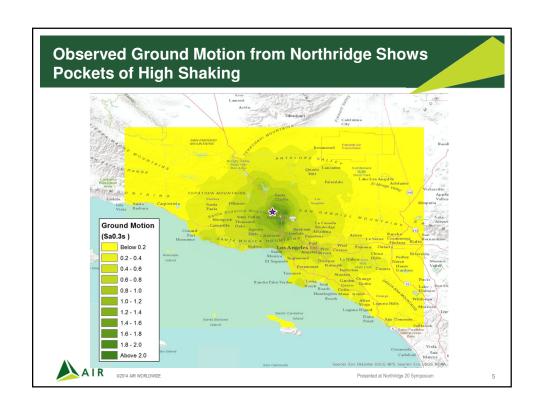
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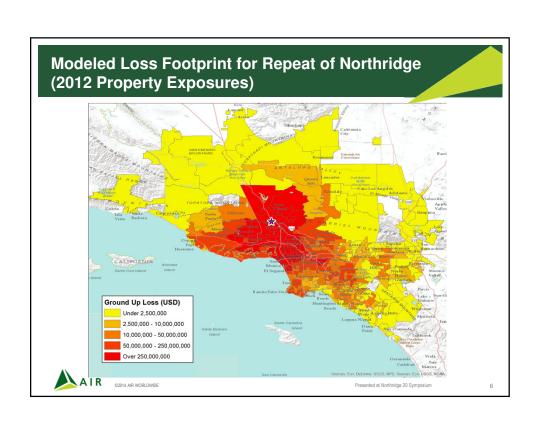
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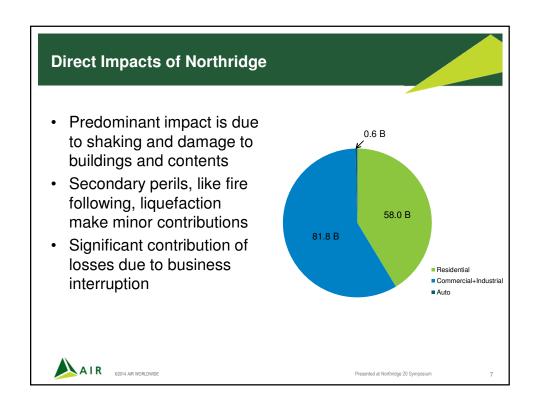


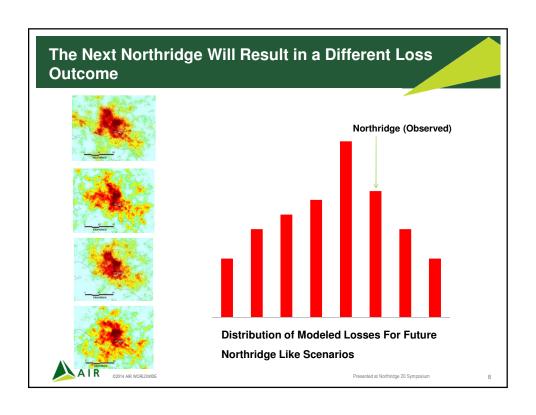


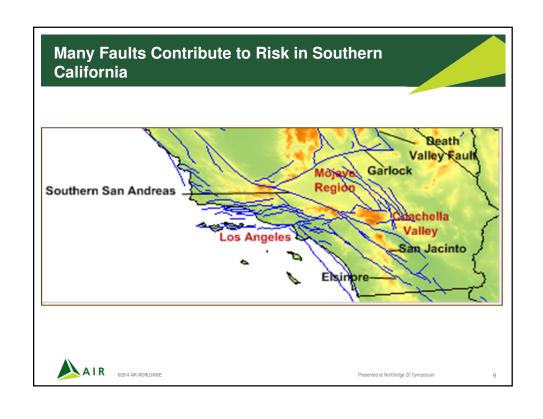


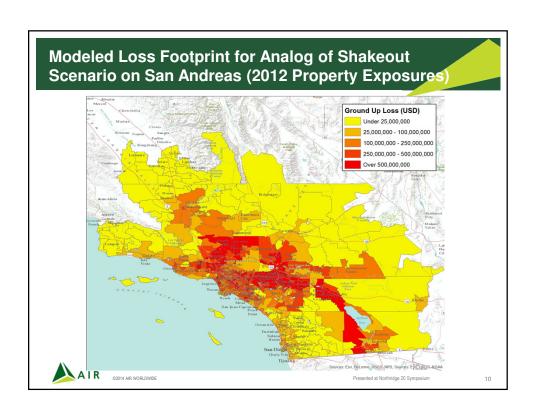




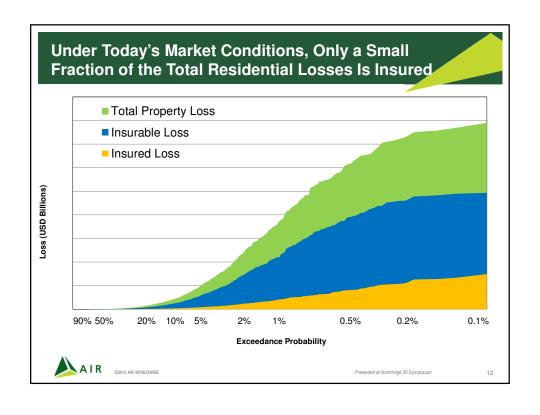


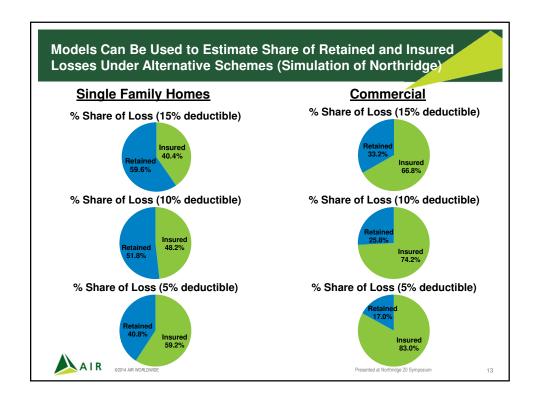






Direct Impacts of Scenario on San Andreas · Predominant impact is due 1.4 B to shaking and damage to buildings and contents • Fire following makes a significant contribution 135.5 B · Significant contribution of 160.1 B losses from business Residential ■ Commercial+Industrial interruption · Economic impact to be felt in many sectors for a long time AIR ©2014 AIR WORLDWIDE





Summary

- Catastrophe modeling has improved over the last two decades and provides a credible view of risk
- Earthquake risk in California has been quantified, however, there are gaps in dealing with the economic consequences
- Models can be used to design various insurance products and develop strategies for risk mitigation and risk management
- Today a large part of the risk in California remains uninsured and models can be leveraged to evaluate alternative scenarios to create a viable but stable outlook

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Presented at Northridge 20 Symposium